

The importance of independent testing of charging stations

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Agenda





How DEKRA tests EV charging stations

Safety – Hazard based

Safety: inspection, installation and maintenance

Standardization on EV charging

Certification schemes









Regulation Worldwide/Regional/National

Standardization Worldwide/Regional/National (Regulated mandatory or voluntary Certification)

ChaDeMo (Voluntary Certification)Charin (Voluntary Certification)EV Ready (Voluntary Certification)OCA (OCPP Voluntary certification)



EV charging standards



How we test charging stations









- Safety testing
- Charging performance testing
- Interoperability and conformance testing
- EMC testing
- Durability and performance at extreme conditions

Safety testing – Hazard based



Example: Electrically caused fires



Reduce the likelihood of ignition

Equipment is so designed and 'tested for compliance' that under normal operation and single failure conditions no part shall ignite

Control of fire spread

Equipment design includes the selection and application of components, wiring, materials and constructional measures that reduce the spread of fire including application of a fire enclosure.



Current situation



- Existing regulations and the current set of safety standards for charging stations, electric vehicles and the connection between them, support a safe charging infrastructure.
- Charging stations that are tested and in compliance with the current set of applicable NEN/EN/IEC standards are safe.
- Charging stations and Electric Vehicles that are tested and comply with communication standards support a higher degree of interoperability.

Are there no issues/challenges?

Issues/challenges?



- Developments and innovations go fast. Risks of not being state of art.
 Standardization stays behind.
- For manufacturers difficult to find their way in the maze of standards, risk assessment and risk management.
- Some examples; DEKRA experienced during safety evaluations:
 - Safeguarding against fire related hazards not/insufficient addressed
 - > Abnormal operation and single fault condition not/insufficient addressed
 - Touch temperatures too high (because of higher powers in combination with high ambient temperatures)
 - > Problems with RCD's and 6mA dc leakage detection (home chargers)
 - Charge current limitation when using regular domestic sockets

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A safe EV charging infrastructure starts with developing and manufacturing a safe EV charging station, with state of art technologies, that is independently tested and certified for compliance !

Supplemented with:

A specific inspection, installation and maintenance scheme that ensures safe operation during its lifetime.

Example of an inspection scheme





Thank you!